

4. Administration section

Yamaki Administration Officer

Biography of late Takatoshi Yamaki

The Sixth Order of Merit, Bachelor of Law, Nagasaki Medical College Administration Officer

26 May	1903	Born in Yamagata Prefecture
March	1927	Graduated from the Faculty of Law, Meiji University
March of the same year		commissioned as an administrative assistant in the Accounting Division of the Education Minister's Secretariat
July	1929	Appointed staff at the Ministry of Education
April	1939	Ordered to Section Chief of the Audit Section, Accounts Division, Minister's Secretariat
February	1940	Appointed to an additional post as Section Chief of the Accounts Section's Accounts Department
June	1941	Appointed as an Administrator at Nagasaki Medical College, Senior Official
February	1943	Senior Official, the Seventh Order
August of the same year		Senior Official, the Sixth Order
February	1944	The Sixth Order of Merit and was conferred with the Order of the Sacred Treasure
9 August	1945	killed in the line of duty by the atomic bombing in the office of the administrative officer in the main building of the College

Talking with the dead

Late Takatoshi Yamaki's wife, Setsuko Yamaki

9 August, a day of painful memories, comes again. Exactly 10 years since the day. I, a weak woman, am still alive.

At the time, I told you that "If I were to lose you on the front line of defence, I would have no choice but to kill myself."

When we saw each other the other day, you told me about your transfer, and you would like to transfer as the College was a school that supported you before. You told me that you would come here (evacuation place) on the 12th, and leave for a new position on the 15th at the latest.

It was just after the conversation that the atomic bomb of 9 August hit! I heard about the terrible situation in Nagasaki from evacuees, and when I finally arrived at Urakami with our eldest daughter on the first train on the morning of the 13th, I thought, “Oh, I knew he was not safe!” I thought. As far as the eye could see, it was a burnt field, a disaster beyond imagination. I went to the hospital reception to see if I could at least get some ashes, but there were only several students there, and I had no idea about the situation, so I was pondering what to do, when I met Dr. Shuku who offered me a kind support to see Dr. Kunifusa, who was injured and burned, and heard a lot about you. Then Dr. Takase, who came to visit us, gave me you, who had completely transformed into bones. Then I went back to Koe, where we had been evacuated, and after that, there was nothing to do but to remember you, and I spent all my days in tears.

One day, I was looking out over our large garden from the main building of our house when I saw four newborn chicks walking along, guarded by their mother. The sight of the hen following behind, protecting her children, appealed strongly to my emotional mind at the time. Since then, I started to concentrate on our eldest daughter in the second year of girls' school, second daughter in the fifth year of primary school, eldest son in the first year, and third daughter in the fourth year, and could say.

“Today, in your protection, four of our children have received a full meal and tonight they sleep peacefully. . .”

Fortunately, thanks to the efforts of the people at the Ministry of Education at the time and the Nagasaki Medical College, I did not have to live a miserable life even after the death of my father, and everyone was in good spirits and able to go their own way.

Today, our eldest daughter is the wife of a technical officer at the Ministry of Education and the mother of a baby girl.

The second daughter is preparing for higher education.

The eldest son is in his second year of high school.

The third daughter is in her first year of junior high school.

And we continue to enjoy life with your mother and sister.

I am just concerned about the unresolved “house problem” that you know about and the fact that my body is a bit weak because of the tumor, but when I think about what you suffered at that time, it is nothing. Until the day I see you again, I will do my utmost to serve your mother and to bring up our children, so let me remember you with a smile on your face.

I am also very grateful to Secretary Shirakata and Mr. Sato for their help. I'm again indebted to Dr. Kitamura, who is at the University of Tokyo.

Please don't worry about us, may you always and forever be at peace - *Sayonara*.

Setsuko

Situation before and immediately after the fall of the atomic bombing

Since the spring of 1945, major cities and munitions factories on the mainland have been frequently bombed, with air control almost entirely in enemy hands. Those involved in military service were summoned to serve one by one daily, and the administrative structure of the College was finally consolidated into a hospital, with women guarding the home front instead of the men. At the time, there were 245 administration staff, of whom 118 were women and 22 were called up for service.

Enemy aircraft bombed the air arsenal at Omura daily. At that time, Nagasaki citizens were indifferent. Finally, however, the B-29s struck Nagasaki City, and Mitsubishi, Nagasaki Station, Ohato, the College Hospital, and other factories were heavily damaged one after another, and the citizens worked together to defend themselves. The rumor that a new type of bomb had been dropped on the city of Hiroshima on 6 August, and the possibility of defeat increased.

President Tsuno'o, who witnessed the devastation in Hiroshima while returning from Tokyo, gathered the staff and students on 8 August and reported on the details. The military, however, did not inform the public of the details in anticipation of a decisive battle on the mainland, and the accursed 9 August arrived.

On that day, an air-raid warning was issued since morning, and a large formation of several dozen enemy B-29s passed over the city. The warning was lifted after 10:00 a.m., and people returned to their workplaces. The sun was exactly overhead. It must have been around 11:00 a.m. when suddenly the sound of explosions was heard. Two enemy aircraft were entering the city from the direction of Nomo. Everyone underestimated that it was only one aircraft. Suddenly, something like a paratrooper was dropped over Matsuyama-machi, and at the same moment, there was a flashing column of fire, and an earth tremor, like a lightning strike. After two or three seconds, a tremendous blast crushed everything in sight, and the area was covered in a cloud of dust and suddenly darkened. The wooden buildings tilted at an angle as if a matchbox had been pressed from above, and all the trees were instantly uprooted and fallen. The room windows were shattered like dust, filing cabinets, desks, chairs, and other furniture were destroyed into pieces, documents flew up like leaves, and the rooms were filled with various debris to the point where there was nowhere to step, and the beams were falling to our heads with a crackling sound. Cries for help and groans were heard from everywhere under the beams. People frantically tried to escape.

Thus, in a few hours, everything was burnt to the ground, and those who managed to escape the crisis fell one after another, finally claiming the precious lives of 147 administrative staff (70 men and 77 women).

Accounts of the disaster of the College staff

School affairs staff, Tachikawa (died at home on 15 August), Morino (died a few days later at home), supply unit staff, Aikawa (died a few days later at home), and Honda (cashier), crawled out of the collapsed main building. After escaping from the Forensic Medicine Department, Professor Kunifusa, disabled by wounds and burns, took refuge in a shelter set up between the main building and the main gate of the College. Suddenly, a shrill cry of “Help me!” was heard. It was the administrator Yamaki, who was a tall man, calling out for help from the window of the Administrator's Office. Professor Kunifusa was also disabled himself and had no way to rescue the Administration Officer in front of him. Soon, fire broke out in various parts of the main building. The Administrator's office also began to burn vigorously. The screams of the Administrator, who was being engulfed alive by the flames, soon faded into the sound of the building burning with a crackling sound. Honda, the cashier, escaped from the main building and reached the hill in front of the College main gate, where he lay on his back leaning against a stone and breathed his last as if in peaceful sleep. The stone gateposts on one side of the main gate, which may have been hundreds of kg, were leaning about 15 degrees away from the base due to the blast.

On that day, Yoshimura, Yajima and Yamaguchi (all still alive) of the machine shop were working under a temporary light in the shelter to repair the key of a safe by the instruction of Yamamoto (later died) from the supply unit when suddenly a flash of light came in and the three men were blown unconscious on the spot by the blast. They don't know how many minutes have passed since then. Soon after, both Yoshimura and Yajima woke up to Yamaguchi's moan of “Oh, ouch” and looked around, but it was completely dark. The entrance to the shelter appeared to be buried, and they could not get out. The three desperately looked for the exit.

”Oi. There's a hole in the dugout, so follow my voice and crawl in here.” It seems to have suddenly brightened up. They came out exactly behind the library archive (concrete structure). By then, the library office, the Main Auditorium, the Gymnasium for the rainy days, the student assembly hall, and the main building had all been burnt to the ground. Several corpses, including women, were charred black in the burnt remains of the library. Probably they were Shizuo Yamaguchi, Mitsu Ezaki, Mizokoshi Chikako, Setsuko Baba, Hiroshi Sato, Kumataro Nagata, and others. The corpses of Etsuko Fukushima, Sadako Kawaguchi, Hisae Fukahori, and others lie in the dining room of the assembly hall, and the body of Somo Inao and several others, who were probably staff of the administration, lie in front of the main building. Paint-peeling safes of various sizes were left behind in the ruins of the main building, and lunchboxes, teacups, and other items were scattered around. The body under the safe in the student affairs

may have been that of Hara, and in front of the cashier's safe was a corpse that appeared to be that of Katsura. What happened to Setoguchi, Fukayama, Matsuo, Fukumaru and Honda of the general affairs staffs, Tatsuki and Tanaka of the the general affairs staffs, Hiraishi of the academic affairs, Yamamoto, Akano, Ogawa, Murayama, Maekawa, Hayashida, Shigyo, Doi, Hayata of the supply unit, Maruse, Nakashima, Koyama, Higa, Koyanagi of the audit unit, Kozasa and Tomi Yamada of the cashier's unit, Umekichi Umezu and Yamano, Professor Matsuo of the Special Medical Vocation Department, Assistant Professor Fukui (Fukui died at his home in Goto on 18 August) and others, who were digging shelters together with Professor Seiki of the Special Pharmaceuticals Department, Professor Sugiura and other pharmaceutical students. 12 or 13 charred corpses were lying there, indistinguishably blackened, whether they had died instantly on the spot or some had escaped in one way or another. Nagao and Fukahori were lying in front of the destroyed switchboard, with the receiver still on them. Ohno and Yamaguchi of the machine shop, who had been discussing the air-raid until about an hour ago with Yoshimura, Yajima, Yamaguchi and others who survived in the air-raid shelter, were found at the entrance to the machine shop, Tsuji and Ogawa's completely changed bodies were found in the room, and the corpses of Honda and Kuroda were lying in the guard room. Near the machine shop, the hospital staff, Shinozaki, was lying on the ground with his intestines exposed. (He died a few days later.)

In the former archery range behind the Physiology Department, numerous corpses of Special Pharmaceuticals Department students who were digging shelters were found lying on the ground. A couple of corpses were also found in the burnt remains of the stationed officer's room, which was located between the water tank and the Special Pharmaceuticals Department, and the figure still holding the command sword was probably third lieutenant Tanimoto. He commuted to work from Omura, but was absent on sick leave until the 8th, and it was a pity that he had to come all the way to work to die. The employees, Okada and Yamano, are also thought to have died instantly.

The two-story wooden Special Pharmaceuticals Department building had already burned down, but was still smoldering in places. Destroyed machinery was strewn about, and charred corpses lay here and there. Did Yamamoto, Yokose, Iwamoto, Uchino, and Ide escape safely? Other staff, Matsuo, was either digging shelters or absent from work on the day, although it is not clear, nor was she seen in any way. It was presumed that she had escaped. (Matsuo died a few days later under the care of her family.)

Yoshimura and two others met a student with burns all over his body in front of the burned-out Main Auditorium. "I am a second-year student at the Special Medical Vocational Department and a Navy commissioned officer. I am sorry, but can you take me to the hospital?" he pleaded, so they took the student in the direction of the hospital, where the wards of the hospital were on fire, turning the city into a sea of fire. Those with burns all over their bodies, those with tattered clothing, those walking unsteadily like sleepwalkers, those in good health carrying the injured on

their backs, these people moved towards Anakobo mountain as if they were taking refuge from the scorching hell.

Accounts of the disaster by the hospital staff

A tremendous blast with a huge sound stirred up the whole room. Various sizes of pieces of wood covered the people. Some were hit hard in the back or hips, others were poked in the back of the head with shards of glass, and at the moment the blast hit, they all crawled under their desks. These all took place instantly. "I can't see," someone screamed as he ran off. Tomonari, the patient attendant, immediately opened his eyes but could not see anything. "I've been injured," he thought, closing his eyes for a while and waiting for the time to pass. After a while, the area became dimly visible. "Good, really good." When he looked closely, everything in the room had been turned upside down by the blast, and a cloud of wall clay and dust from the rubbish was filling the room. Soon after, three or four people in white-coats ran in through the patient relations office entrance and escaped through the right window facing outside. If he looked closely, it was Dr. Koyano at the front. He was wearing a bandage, presumably with a head injury. From the Outpatient clinic of the Koyano surgery in the next room, there were probably patients awaiting, under heavy objects such as cupboards, and heartbreaking cries for help were heard. Some people stood stunned, their clothes in tatters from the blast. Others were covered in blood from head injuries, while others had their faces burnt black and charred. Some didn't look like anyone from this world. It was a horrific view, just like a cruel picture of hell. Staff, students, nurses, attendants, and patients, mixed with the injured, escaped from the hospital entrance in the direction of the mountain like an avalanche, one after another. What happened to the colleagues Yamanami, Aoki, Matsuda, and several others? He looked around, but he couldn't see anyone. Tomonari crawled into the revenue officer's room in the next room and found Nagata (alive and well today) lying unconscious with a head injury between the art metal at the entrance and the desk of the admission and discharge desk clerk, so he immediately tried to carry her out to the square in front of the entrance, but he was unable to do so, probably because of the bruise he had sustained on his back earlier, and fought off the pain and finally got her out. The driver, Sato, who was repairing a car in the garage in front of the entrance, was seen injured and fleeing towards the mountain. Yamanami, who was in pain in front of the entrance holding his head, bleeding heavily from a shard of glass lodged in the back of his head which dyed his shirt in red, and barely escaped to the potato field above the kitchen after Dr. Nagai, passing by, applied a bandage to stop the bleeding using Yamanami's gaiters. Matsuura, who was just receiving payment from a patient at the counter, must have been very shocked,

because he came to the entrance shouting “Help me, help me,” but collapsed. Tomonari, concerned about the revenue officer at the back of the building, turned back to the entrance and found Matsuura. He tried to lift him, but his heavy weight and sore back prevented him from doing anything about it. As there was no one to be seen close by, after he put Matsuura in the room, he held his hands together in prayer. (Matsuura was later carried up the mountain on a stretcher and died in great pain that night, watched over by Aoki.) Tomonari went upstairs to have a look, but the octagonal corridor fell in and he could not go any further.

Fire was churning up in three places from the timbers of the evacuated site of the former X-ray room. He thought that the situation was not good, so he turned back to the room and tried to go around the outer road from the entrance with a bucket, but the houses below the hospital were already engulfed in flames, and the scorching hot air blew up. Standing trees had fallen and were blocking the narrow path. He finally reached the room through the Internal Medicine and Otolaryngology wards. The fire was not strong yet. However, crucial water is not found in the vicinity. A stranger from the Otolaryngology Ward came to support him. They tried hard to sprinkle water here and there using 3 or 4 buckets they found, but it never seemed to extinguish. He had no choice but to turn back to the main entrance. Just then, in the square in front of the laundry, Dr. Nagai was leading students and nurses to rescue the injured. Tomonari joined them. There, Suzuta of the laundry had collapsed, but was already dead. Otomo of the laundry appeared to be injured and was being treated by the first-aid team (she died on the mountain that night, watched over by Aoki). Injured people from houses down the mountain came up one after another. The situation is truly deplorable: swollen and deformed faces, burnt and inflamed arms and legs, tattered and torn clothing. Many people who had exhausted their strength were lying on the cobbled slope to the guardroom at the front.

Soon, the main building was also on fire, and the fire began to burn with ferocious intensity. They started to sense the risk of being in front of the laundry room. Under the instruction of Dr. Nagai, they moved the wounded to a small hill behind the kitchen one by one. The relentless midsummer sun. In addition, it is hard work to climb up the mountain with the injured while struggling in the hot wind on his back. On the way, Dr. Mano suffered from a bruise on his waist, so Tomonari carried him on his back up to the top. There, he saw Yamanami with a bandage on his head, Sato, the driver, whose face was swollen and in pain, and Hara, the guard, whose face was deformed. The place was hell, with nothing but groans from all directions. In the midst of all this, the sight of Dr. Nagai, his military uniform dyed in blood and commanding with a long tree branch as a walking stick, was truly sublime. Above all, only 20 to 30 students and nurses are under the doctor's leadership. This makes it impossible to rescue a large number of people. The red flame that attacked soon after had to be left to burn, and it would be regrettable to leave the injured stranded in the room to die. The ferocity of the firestorms that spew out of the reinforced

concrete windows is so intense that it's almost unmanageable. The wounded on the mountain all pleaded, "Give me water, give me water." Dr. Nagai thought about it for a while, but eventually said, "We can not do anything about it. Let them drink." Tomonari found a broken sake bottle and went down to look for water, but could not find any clean water. But he finally found it somewhere and gave them a little water to drink. Everyone joined hands and rejoiced.

In the kitchen, iron windows were blown out by the blast, and the wall between the office and the field staff lounge collapsed, with Sugita trapped under it. Ichikawa, who was on the wooden floor of the kitchen, was hit by a blown-out iron window and lost consciousness, covered in blood. Fukahori tried to escape through the exit of the kitchen, but it was blocked, she jumped down from the back window and escaped with a wound to her forehead and while covered in blood, escaped to the mountain behind (after evacuating to Anakobo, an acquaintance carried her back home in Kawabira and a week later she developed atomic bomb symptoms and died in Fukahori Hospital.) Kawawaki (later died at her home in Shiroyama), Yamashita (later died in the Orthopedic Surgery basement), Nakata (later died at her home in Kawabira), Shiimoto (later died), and others escaped the kitchen. Onoe and Takatsuka met the disaster in the kitchen of the nurses' boarding house; Takatsuka died instantly, while Onoe escaped to the bottom of the chimney of the boiler room and died. The guard at the back gate of the hospital, Kamemoto, was in good health despite the fall of concrete; his head hair was peeled off and bloodied. (He died in Togitsu on 16 August.)

Kami of the laundry was very active in rescuing the injured, despite his head injury. Together with two or three people, he tried to rescue Sugita (still alive and well), who was suffering under a wall that had collapsed due to the blast when he went to the kitchen, but the wall was too heavy for them to do what they wanted. The office next door was actively burning. Kami picked up a log pole from somewhere and, with all his strength, finally lifted the wall and rescued Sugita. (Kami died at his home in Togitsu on 12 September.)

Engineering and maintenance unit staff, Nishida (died 20 days later at the naval hospital in Isahaya), Ichihara (died later,) Masunaga (died later in Togitsu), and others escaped wounded, Hamasaki was found dead at the site of a pot-cooking and Fukahori was found dead after his upper body was plunged into a bath room.

In the wooden-built building, Tsutsumi and Jimoto died instantly in the office, while Kai, Hayabuchi, and Tsuneda each died on site, and Hirata escaped from the site and died under the laundry, with her family looking after her. Tsuji met the disaster in a pickle shop in front of the hospital and died after he reached home. Emi Matsuo (died 17 August), Reiko Matsuo (died 14 August), and others were injured and escaped the crisis, respectively. Yamaguchi (who died 10 days later) and Matsunaga, who were transporting ice, met the disaster in front of the front guard room; Matsunaga died instantly, while Yamaguchi escaped with the injured to

somewhere.

Sato of the kitchen, who was on an official trip in the direction of Oura that day, turned back to Nagasaki Station, but a thick black smoke was rising in the Urakami direction and covering the sky, and many people were coming from the Urakami direction, while others were trying to go that way as well. It's a wave of people from the bottom, where the AG is today, to the front of the station. If you look at the people coming from the Urakami direction, they're all cruelly wounded. Ragged clothes, burnt and inflamed skin, skin peeling and flapping from back to belly, looking like a tear in a shirt. The hair on their heads is all burnt. It's gruesome; there are no words to describe it right now. They all say, "Urakami is destroyed." When he asked that he wanted to somehow get to the College through the wave of crowds and along the back roads of Iwakawa-machi, they replied that it was "totally impassable." While he was caught in the crowd and halted, someone shouted, "The gas tank is about to explode." "Watch out, watch out," the crowd shouted, and it scattered in all directions like a tide. The emergency line was set up in such dangerous situation that it was impossible to know when the bomb would explode, but he barely made it through the emergency line and walked along the mountain to the hospital and arrived at around 1:30 p.m., where the guard room at the bottom of the hospital's long hill was crushed by the blast, and guardsman Hara (died 18 August in Togitsu) was buried under the building and barely breathing. Sato carried Hara on his back to the field above the kitchen and hurried down towards the kitchen. White smoke was billowing out of the kitchen office. He entered the office as if he were jumping in. The timber outside was actively burning, and the papers on the desk were also burning intensely and out of control, perhaps because of this flying fire. Ichikawa was found covered in blood and suffering on a wooden floor in the kitchen, so he encouraged her, saying, "Pull yourself together," and tried to get her up and walk out into the corridor. However, the fire had spread there too and was actively burning, so he tried to extinguish it using buckets. He looked over and saw Ichikawa leaning against the railing of the basement. Some minutes later, Ichikawa was nowhere to be seen. He looked down at the railing. The basement was already on fire. He descended through the raging fire to the basement and looked around. He found Hayata and Ichikawa of the Engineering and Maintenance unit, but they were already dead. At that time, he noticed that the rice cellar was on fire and tried desperately to extinguish it, but it did not seem to go out, so he turned around and escaped behind the kitchen into the mountains. He had lost himself until now, but when he finally calmed down, he felt a pain in his leg. This is probably a burn sustained from sticking his foot in burnt soya beans while extinguishing the fire.

It was probably after 3:00 p.m. that Sato suddenly became worried about his family and wanted to go home, but the whole area of Iwakawa-machi was on fire, and it seemed impassable. He turned back to the kitchen, filled the medicine cans with sugar water, and took shelter on the mountain again. The place was full of wounded. Among them was Matsuoka from the pharmacy.

When she saw Sato, she complained of abdominal pain and asked for painkillers, but there was nothing he could do, so he gave him a little water to drink. But she died shortly afterwards. On the mountain, he met Aoki, a procurement staff member. He had a bandage on his head and was holding his waist with his hand, saying that a piece of glass had gone into his body. The staff, Otaguro, helped Sato well, and together they gave the wounded a drink of sugary water. Everyone was extremely happy and seemed to have regained their energy. Yamanami also seemed to feel much better, perhaps because the bandage he received from Dr. Nagai had stopped the bleeding.

Soon, the night fell. The city is a burnt-out field. However, some parts of the city were still burning, and the night sky had turned red. Suddenly, he thought he heard an airplane's explosive sound, and then an enemy aircraft opened fire overhead at low altitude in the direction of the Sanno Shrine. Fortunately, our location escaped being hit, but it is thought that there were considerable casualties because of this, and we could only feel the pain pierce to the bones, and resentment towards their inhumanity cannot be forgotten to this day.

Situation after 10 August

Eventually, night fell. The surrounding area was full of injured people. Among them was President Tsuno'o, who was injured and resting on a stretcher, with Dr. Osajima and Dr. Nagai accompanying him. Sato from the kitchen was ordered by the President to start a soup kitchen in cooperation with Dr. Nagai. Relief teams from the neighbourhood brought in food supplies one after another.

A temporary headquarters was set up in front of the air-raid shelter behind the kitchen on the 10th, and the President was moved here. From the following day, the office was moved to the burnt ruins of the Shirabe Surgery Department, and together with Professor Koyano as Acting President, Professors Takase, Kageura, Shirabe, Sano, and Seiki, Associate Professors, Kido, Sato, and Ichinose, and students, nurses, administrators Tomonari, Onizuka, Ichinose, Sato, and Sugita formed an office of more than a dozen staff.

Doctors treated the injured, while administrative staff worked until late at night, until they were exhausted, to post notices on utility poles in the city about the establishment of a temporary headquarters, to organise the survivors and the deceased, to receive the bereaved families, and to prepare for the soup kitchen. On the third day, a medical team from the army hospital in Kurume came in support and treated patients for about a week in the burnt ruins of the main building. On the fourth or fifth day, enough relief food arrived from the countryside, and it was even difficult to consume all, but then the relief stopped, and rice and seasonings

began to run out. After various discussions at headquarters, it was decided that Professor Sano of the Paediatrics Department would go to the City Office to negotiate for the reception of supplies, and after hearing the receipt procedures from Sato, he returned with five bales of rice, a barrel of miso, and a barrel of soy sauce.

The number of wounded who subsequently died without medical attention increased daily. Here and there, piles of scrap wood were piled up, and smoke was rising from the burning corpses.

On the day the war ended, 15 August, when the Acting President assembled everyone at the temporary headquarters and read the Imperial Rescript of the end of the war, someone started to cry, then everyone cried silently, and a feeling of resignation overcame all. On 22 August, news was brought of the death of President Tsuno'o. His body, accompanied by Assistant Professor Osajima and nurses, soon arrived and was laid to rest at the front entrance of the hospital. That night, the doctor spent a sad first night in ruins, protected by members of the Tsuno'o Internal Medicine Department.

The headquarters were moved to the Chamber of Commerce and Industry in Sakura-machi around 24 August and then to the Nagasaki Economic Vocational School in late September. By that time, returning and demobilised staff were beginning to come back to work, and the school welcomed an administrator from the Ministry, Mr. Shirakata, as the successor to the late Mr. Yamaki.

In early November, the College moved to Shinkouzen Primary School, which had been a temporary clinic for the injured, and the College finally got back on track for reconstruction.

Written by Tazuru and Tanaka

List of deceased (Administration)

(a) Administrative officer

Taketoshi Yamaki

(b) General Affairs

Kunihisa Setoguchi, Yoshimiki Fukayama, Tsuneji Nanri

Haruko Matsuo, Kimiko Fukumaru, Yasuko Honda

Terumi Sato, Matsugoro Matsuda, Fumi Hamada

(c) Student Affairs

Kumeichi Fukui, Hidenoshin Miyamoto, Michiko Komura

Akiko Tachiki, Kazuko Tanaka

(d) Academic Affairs

Mitake Hara, Kouhachiro Tachikawa, Chizuko Morino

Kimiko Hiraishi

(e) Procurement section

Shotaro Yamamoto, Takeo Aikawa, Yoshisuke Akano
Suchi Ogawa, Toshie Murakami, Kimie Maekawa
Shizuko Hayashida, Nobuko Shigyo, Yukie Doi
Matsuko Hayata, Yoshie Otsuka, Ayako Muramatsu
Sayoko Iwanaga, Akio Obiya

(f) Audit section

Tokuji Maruse, Masako Nakashima, Sachiko Oyama
Yoshiko Higa

(g) Treasurer

Shigetoshi Honda, Kazushichi Katsura, Sadatsugu Ishibashi
Chieko Kosasa, Tomiko Yamada, Kunie Koyanagi
Yasuko Suga

(h) Document section

Shizuo Yamaguchi, Mitsu Ezaki, Chikako Mizokoshi
Setsuko Baba, Hiroshi Sato, Kumataro Nagata

(i) Patient relations

Umata Matsuura, Toraichi Sato, Takeo Yamaguchi

(j) Kitchen

Kamejiro Onoue, Sayoko Ichikawa, Eki Fukahori
Shizuno Fukagawa, Kikue Yamamura, Riku Kawawaki
Mie Yamashita, Haruno Nakata, Kimiyo Shiimoto
Tei Nakaji, Asano Takatsuka

(k) Engineering section

Hatsuichi Kataoka, Katsuyoshi Nakamura, Shukichi Okabayashi

(l) Mechanical Field

Tasaku Ohno, Tomehachi Ogawa, Tadao Miura
Eisaku Tsuji, Hiroshi Masunaga, Sakutaro Yamaguchi

(m) Machinery section

Kazuichiro Nishida, Kazuki Hayata, Konpei Yamada
Kihachi Hayata, Kunimatsu Ikei, Tetsuji Ichihara
Rikita Hamasaki, Ukishiro Kubo, Tatsunosuke Fukahori

(n) Guard

Ukichi Haneda, Toraichi Hara, Gosaburo Honda
Takeshiro Doizoe, Kinroku Kamemoto, Fukuma Kuroda
Hidetoshi Matsushima

(o) Telephone operator

Sueno Nagao, Kimiko Fukahori

(p) Housekeeper

Yasuichiro Shinozaki, Umekichi Umezu, Genjiro Yamano
Kikutaro Kawaguchi, Hisayoshi Yoko'o, Miyo Matsuzaka

q) Hojinkai

Yoshikichi Tsutsumi, Tsurumatsu Chimoto, Matsuno Hirata
Etsuko Fukushima, Nobuko Kozasa, Sadako Kawaguchi
Yuriko Hayashida, Tsuji Yoshio, Yasutaro Kai
Kei Hayabuchi, Kiyoko Hamaoka, Chiyoko Tsuneda
Masae Nagano, Emi Matsuo, Hisaeri Fukahori
Reiko Matsuo, Haruko Hirayama, Shizuka Akabae
Eiichi Yamaguchi, Kiyoshi Matsunaga, Fujiyuki Nishida
Toshiko Nishida

(r) Laundry

Sadatsugu Ue, Kan Suzuta, Fujie Sakamoto
Hisae Hamasaki, Sayo Yoshimoto, Michie Komiya
Hatsu Ootomo, Kane Nakayama

(s) Cleaners

Sami Igarashi, Somo Inao, Asano Yamazaki
Aki Kataoka, Tsuruyo Inao, Yoshi Nishimoto
Matsumi Ishikawa, Tatsu Yamamoto

(s) Nagasaki Office, Architectural Division, Ministry of Education

Kazuji Nishiura, Isaku Nakano

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